INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 31, 2020 and 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Boards of Directors of NASBA and the NASBA Center for the Public Trust Nashville, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the NASBA Center for the Public Trust (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of activities and functional expenses for the years ended July 31, 2020 and 2019, the related statements of financial position as of July 31, 2020 and 2019, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the changes in net assets of the NASBA Center for the Public Trust for the years ended July 31, 2020 and 2019, and the financial position as of July 31, 2020 and 2019 and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

LBMC,PC

Brentwood, Tennessee September 24, 2020

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For Years Ended July 31, In thousands

	2020						2019							
				Donor rictions		Total	Without Donor Restrictions			With Donor Restrictions			Total	
Revenue and Support Contributions Services received from affiliate personnel Programs Investment income Net assets released from restrictions	\$	305 344 280 1	\$	25 - - 6 -	\$	330 344 280 7	_	\$	363 331 225 - 33	\$	10 - - 3 (33)	\$	373 331 225 3	
Total revenue and support		930		31		961_	_		952		(20)		932	
Program Expenses Ethics Advancement Student Center for the Public Trust Conferences		195 274 37		- - -		195 274 37	_		196 362 29		- - -		196 362 29	
Total program expenses		506				506	_		587				587	
Supporting Expenses Administrative Development		70 126		- -		70 126	_		68 136		- -		68 136	
Total supporting expenses		196				196_	_		204				204	
Total expenses		702				702	_		791				791	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		228		31		259			161		(20)		141	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		322		187		509	_		161		207		368	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	550	\$	218	\$	768	=	\$	322	\$	187	\$	509	

STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For Years Ended July 31, In thousands

				Program E	xpense	es		Supporting Expenses					Total		
2020	Adva	Ethics ncement	Stu	dentCPT	Con	ferences	Total	Admin	istrative	Deve	elopment		Total		
Compensation Benefits, taxes and other costs Conference and meetings Travel Technology Professional services Credit card and other costs Occupancy Office Marketing Other	\$	92 49 1 2 3 32 2 8 5 1	\$	136 70 2 10 22 4 6 14 1 9	\$	20 10 - 1 - - 4 - 1 1	\$ 248 129 3 13 25 36 8 26 6 11	\$	18 10 - 2 12 2 2 2 23 - 1	\$	55 32 16 4 1 - 1 4 3 -	\$	73 42 16 4 3 12 3 6 26 -	\$	321 171 19 17 28 48 11 32 32 11
Totals	\$	195	\$	274	\$	37	\$ 506	\$	70	\$	126	\$	196	\$	702
Compensation Benefits, taxes and other costs Conference and meetings Travel Technology Professional services Credit card and other costs Occupancy Office Marketing Other	\$	78 40 4 15 5 35 1 8 9	\$	133 66 65 22 26 4 5 14 1 13	\$	15 7 - 2 - - 4 - 1	\$ 226 113 69 39 31 39 6 26 10 14	\$	16 9 - 3 12 2 2 23 1	\$	59 32 15 8 4 - 2 4 1 -	\$	75 41 15 8 7 12 4 6 24 1	\$	301 154 84 47 38 51 10 32 34 15
Totals	\$	196	\$	362	\$	29	\$ 587	\$	68	\$	136	\$	204	\$	791

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

July 31, In thousands

		2020		2019
Assets				
Current Assets	Φ.	004	Φ.	040
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	321 17	\$	312 22
Contributions receivable		26		30
Prepaid expenses		19		19
Total current assets		383		383
Investments and Other Assets				
Investment securities, at fair value		302		100
Endowment fund		123		117
Total investments and other assets		425		217
Total assets	\$	808	\$	600
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to NASBA	\$	23 17	\$	65 26
Total liabilities		40		91
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions		550		322
With donor restrictions		218		187
Total net assets		768		509
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	808	\$	600

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For Years Ended July 31, In thousands

Operating Activities 150 \$ 150 Cash received from NASBA \$ 150 \$ 150 Cash received from donors 154 188 Cash received from donors 27 49 Cash received from program revenue 275 245 Interest and dividends received 5 4 Cash paid for supplies and employees (396) (463) Net cash provided by operating activities 215 174 Investing Activities Purchase of investment securities (302) (100) Redemption of investment securities 100 - Endowment reinvested dividends (4) (3) Net cash used by investing activities (206) (103) Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 9 71 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 312 241 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 321 \$ 312 Reconciliation of increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: (2) - Increase in net assets \$ 259 \$ 141		 2020	 2019
Investing Activities Purchase of investment securities Redemption of investment securities Endowment reinvested dividends Net cash used by investing activities Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Purchase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Reconciliation of increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in: Receivables (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Receivables Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Increase (decrease) (9) 4 4	Cash received from NASBA Cash received from donors Cash received for contributions receivable Cash received from program revenue Interest and dividends received	\$ 154 27 275 5	\$ 189 49 245 4
Purchase of investment securities (302) (100) Redemption of investment securities 100 - Endowment reinvested dividends (4) (3) Net cash used by investing activities (206) (103) Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 9 71 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year 312 241 Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year \$ 321 \$ 312 Reconciliation of increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 259 \$ 141 Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 259 \$ 141 Gains on endowment investment securities \$ 259 \$ 34 Changes in assets and liabilities \$ 259 \$ 34 (Increase) decrease in: \$ 259 \$ 31 Receivables 9 31 Prepaid expenses 9 31 Increase (decrease) in: \$ 259 \$ 31 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 259 \$ 259	Net cash provided by operating activities	 215	 174
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year Reconciliation of increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Increase in net assets Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (42) (55) Due to NASBA	Purchase of investment securities Redemption of investment securities Endowment reinvested dividends	100 [°] (4)	 (3)
Reconciliation of increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Increase in net assets Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Receivables Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (9) 4	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	71
Reconciliation of increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Increase in net assets \$ 259 \$ 141 Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in: Receivables 9 31 Prepaid expenses 9 31 Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (42) (5) Due to NASBA (9)	Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 312	241
Increase in net assets \$ 259 \$ 141 Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in: Receivables 9 31 Prepaid expenses - 3 Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (42) (5) Due to NASBA (9)	Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 321	\$ 312
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in: Receivables Prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (42) Due to NASBA			
Receivables 9 31 Prepaid expenses - 3 Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (42) (5) Due to NASBA (9) 4	Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities: Gains on endowment investment securities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$	\$ 141 -
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (42) (5) Due to NASBA (9) 4	Receivables Prepaid expenses	9	_
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	\$ 174

Note 1. Organization and Nature of Operations

The NASBA Center for the Public Trust ("CPT") is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation whose mission is to champion the public trust by advancing ethical leadership in business, institutions and organizations.

Ethics advancement programs recognize individuals and organizations that practice high standards of social responsibility and ethical leadership and provide continuing professional education content for the same. The Student Center for the Public Trust ("StudentCPT") focuses on educating and engaging future business leaders on ethics, accountability and integrity through student membership groups at colleges and universities. CPT provides ethics leadership training and certification programs for students and professionals. In addition, CPT sponsors lectures, conferences and forums dedicated to addressing the duty of professionals to serve the public good, along with a focus on the issues that arise in the practical ethics of public life.

CPT is a membership organization of which the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy, Inc. ("NASBA") is its sole member. In both fiscal 2020 and 2019, NASBA provided annual support to CPT through monetary contributions of \$150,000. Included in the financial statements are the expenses for the cost of NASBA personnel who devote the majority of their time to CPT-related activities and for property and equipment, including office space, used by these personnel. These expenses are charged to, and reimbursed by, CPT at the cost incurred by NASBA. Also included in the financial statements are offsetting amounts of revenue and expense for the value of supporting services contributed by NASBA personnel in the areas of executive leadership, finance, information services, human resources, and marketing. The contribution of these services was valued at NASBA's cost of \$344,000 and \$331,000 in fiscal 2020 and 2019, respectively, and is reflected in the financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

New accounting pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. The amendments in ASU 2014-09, along with subsequently issued updates, provide a principles-based approach for accounting for revenue from contracts with customers. The core principle of the guidance in ASU 2014-09 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The five step model defined by ASU 2014-09 required entities to: (1) identify the contract(s) with a customer, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 also enhances the required disclosures to help users of the financial statements better understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue arising from contracts with customers. CPT adopted the new guidance effective August 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective method.

There was no cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of net assets as of August 1, 2019, as the adoption did not result in a change to CPT's revenue recognition.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10) Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.* The amendments in ASU 2016-01 address various improvements in recognition and measurement primarily as it relates to equity investments and financial liabilities under the fair value option, along with, the presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. CPT adopted ASU 2016-01 effective August 1, 2019. Prospective application was made in the financial statements. There was no impact on the financial statements.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) Clarifying the Scope and Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made.* The amendments in ASU 2018-08 apply to contributions received by a recipient and clarify and improve guidance about whether a transfer of assets (or the reduction, settlement, or cancellation of liabilities) is a contribution within the scope of Topic 958, or an exchange transaction within the scope of other guidance (such as Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers).* The amendments clarify when a contribution is conditional and requires contributions to be recognized after conditions are met. The amendments also apply the same guidance to contributions made. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 for contributions received. CPT adopted ASU 2018-08 effective August 1, 2019 for contributions received using the modified prospective basis. There was no impact on the financial statements. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019 for contributions made. CPT will adopt ASU 2018-08 effective August 1, 2020 for contributions made.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents include investments in money market funds in financial institutions which management believes are financially strong. Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to certain limits. From time to time, cash and cash equivalents may exceed FDIC limits. At July 31, 2020, cash and cash equivalents did not exceed the FDIC insurance limits.

Contributions and accounts receivable

Contributions receivable are unconditional written promises to give which are recorded in the year the promise is made. Unconditional written promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of estimated future cash flows. Contributions receivable are discussed more fully in Note 3.

The carrying amount of all receivables is evaluated and reduced by a valuation allowance, if necessary. The need for an allowance is determined based on management's knowledge of its contributors, customers, historical loss experience and existing economic conditions. Management has determined that no allowance is required at July 31, 2020 or 2019.

Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of software subscription services. The asset is expensed in the period to which the benefit applies.

Net assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contributions restricted by donors are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions are discussed more fully in Note 6.

Revenue and support recognition

Unconditional contributions are recognized as revenue when the contribution or pledge is received. Contributions with a condition stipulated by a donor are recognized as revenue when the condition is substantially met by CPT.

Revenue, other than contributions, consists of online training, conference services, merchandise sales, licensing of educational content, and student membership dues. Each of these services and merchandise sales have a single performance obligation. Revenue from online training, conference services, merchandise sales and licensing of content are recognized at a point in time. Revenue from membership dues is recognized over time using the straight-line method to allocate the performance obligation.

The following schedule shows the nature, timing and financial representation in the statement of activities and statement of financial position from contracts with customers for fiscal 2020:

		F	Revenue	F	Remaining
	Performance obligation met	from c	ontracts	pei	formance
(In thousands)	Recognition occurs	with cu	stomers		obligation
Online training	at the point access is provided to customer	\$	222	\$	_
Conference services	at the point awards are presented at conference	e	20		-
Merchandise sales	at the point of shipment of merchandise		5		-
Licensing of content	at the point of delivery of content		30		-
Membership dues	over the term of the membership		3		
Total Revenue		\$	280	\$	

Income taxes

CPT is exempt from federal and state income taxes under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and applicable state tax statutes. CPT is subject to tax on income unrelated to its exempt purpose, unless that income is otherwise excluded by the Internal Revenue Code.

CPT has adopted the recognition requirements for uncertain income tax positions and believes that income tax filing positions will be sustained upon examination and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material adverse effect on CPT's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Accordingly, CPT has accrued no interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions at July 31, 2020 or 2019. It is CPT's policy to recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in other expense. In general, CPT is no longer subject to examinations by tax authorities for U.S. federal and state income tax returns before fiscal 2017.

Contributed services

CPT is a recipient of a Google Ads Grant which allows free access to the nonprofit edition of Google's advertising program and enables CPT to reach out directly to their target audience. Based on Google's estimates, the value of these advertising credits amounted to less than \$1,000 in fiscal 2020 and 2019 and are recognized as offsetting revenue and expense in the statements of activities.

Many individuals contribute their time to CPT's activities. The value of these individuals' services is not recorded in the financial statements because such services would typically not be purchased by CPT if they had not been provided by contribution. Meeting and travel expenses for these individuals are reimbursed by CPT.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expense allocation method

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Expenses are allocated to the programs or functions on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Such allocations include occupancy, which is allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, office expenses, information technology, and other expenses, which are allocated based on the estimated time devoted to the program or function.

Note 3. Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable, consisting of unconditional written promises to give at July 31, 2020 and 2019 total \$26,000 and \$30,000, respectively. All amounts are current and due in less than one year.

At July 31, 2020 and 2019, there are no contributions receivable which are restricted for the endowment.

Note 4. Endowment Fund

An endowment fund was established with donor-restricted funds and a related investment and spending policy with the objective of providing an income stream to fund endowment-related programs while seeking to maintain purchasing power of the endowment assets. Income generated from the endowment fund is restricted for the benefit of the Student Center for the Public Trust. The principal of the endowment fund will remain permanently invested and classified as net assets with donor restrictions.

Investment securities owned by CPT are required under the CPT Board-approved investment policy to meet certain criteria as to allowable asset classes and the composition of investments within those classes. Risk characteristics of the portfolio are managed through three primary asset classes of equity, fixed income and diversified investments. The diversified asset class contains investments that are not correlated with the equity and fixed income asset classes and are intended to provide anticipated risk-versus-return characteristics that are beneficial to the portfolio. CPT's investments are carried at fair value. Securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in their value will occur in the near term and that such changes could be material to the financial statements. Additional information on fair value and the asset classes is disclosed in Note 5.

Under the endowment spending policy, the CPT Board of Directors may designate a portion of the cumulative investment return, including net appreciation, for support of the current operations of specified programs; the remainder is retained to support operations of future years and to offset potential market declines. Under the endowment spending policy, up to 5 percent of the rolling three-year average value of the portfolio as of December 31 for the three years prior to the current year may be appropriated for the next fiscal year. Investment income designated for current operations and used for the specified programs is classified as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions. Investment income in excess of amounts designated for current operations is classified as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions. Investment income is classified as net assets with donor restrictions for fiscal 2020 and 2019.

The following schedule summarizes the investment return in the statements of activities for the years ended July 31:

(In thousands)	2020	2019
Dividends and interest	\$ 4	\$ 3
Net realized and unrealized gains	2	
Total return on investments	6	3
Investment return retained in the Endowment Fund	6	3
Investment return designated for current operations	\$ -	\$

Note 4. Endowment Funds (continued)

In accordance with the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act, the contributions received for the endowment fund are included in net assets with donor restrictions. Changes in net assets related to the endowment for fiscal year ended July 31, 2020 are as follows:

(In thousands)		
Endowment net assets, beginning of year Investment income (net of expenses)	\$	117 6
Endowment Net Assets, End of Year	\$	123
Changes in net assets related to the endowment for fiscal year ended July 31, 2 (In thousands)	019 are as follows	::
Endowment net assets, beginning of year Investment income (net of expenses)	\$	114 3
Endowment Net Assets, End of Year	\$	117

Note 5. Fair Value Measurement

Authoritative guidance clarifies the definition of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands the disclosures for fair value measurement. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

At July 31, 2020 and 2019, the valuation method used to determine fair value for Level 1 investment securities is the last reported sales price on the last business day of the fiscal year reported by the active markets in which the individual securities are traded. The valuation methods used for Level 2 investment securities are estimates using market-based measurements, such as quoted prices for similar assets, executed trades and yield curves, for U.S. Government and other debt obligations and, for managed pool accounts, the net asset value as reported by the investment company which is derived from the value of the underlying investments. There have been no changes in the valuation methods used.

The fair value of investment securities at July 31, 2020 is as follows:

(In thousands)	Level 1		Le	vel 2	Total	
Investment Securities Money market Certificates of deposit	\$	102 -	\$	- 200	\$	102 200
Total Investment Securities	\$	102	\$	200	\$	302
The fair value of investment securities at July 31, 2019 is as			1.0		Т.	
(In thousands)	Le	vel 1	Le	vel 2	10	otal
Investment Securities Money market	\$	100	\$	-	\$	100
Total Investment Securities	\$	100	\$		\$	100

Note 5. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The fair value of endowment fund investment securities, of which the entire amount is invested in Level 1 mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, money market funds and cash at July 31 is as follows:

(In thousands)	2020	2019
Endowment Fund Mutual Funds		
Equity securities	\$ 46	\$ 44
Fixed income securities	27	25
Diversified investments	17	17
Exchange-traded Funds		
Equity securities	32	30
Money market	1	1
Total Endowment Investments	\$ 123	\$ 117
Note 6. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions Net assets with donor restrictions at July 31 are as follows:		
(In thousands)	2020	2019
Time-restricted and purpose-restricted		
Endowment investment income	\$ 30	\$ 24
Purpose-restricted		
Daniels Fund project	3	3
Student Center for the Public Trust	92	67
Endowment fund	93	93
Total Net Assets With Donor Restrictions	\$ 218	\$ 187

At July 31, 2020 and 2019 net assets with donor restrictions are secured by cash, short-term receivables and investments.

Note 7. Liquidity and Availability

The following schedule reflects CPT's financial assets as of July 31, 2020 reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the date of the statement of financial position. Amounts not available include endowment fund earnings retained in the endowment fund that could be drawn upon if the governing board approves that action.

(In thousands)		2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	321	\$ 312
Accounts receivable		17	22
Contributions receivable		26	30
Investments		302	100
Endowment fund investments		123	117
Total financial assets, at year end		789	581
Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one year, du Donor-imposed restrictions:	e to:		
Endowment		(93)	(93)
Restricted by donor with time or purpose restrictions		(125)	(94)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs			
for general expenditures within one year	\$	571	\$ 394

Note 7. Liquidity and Availability (continued)

CPT is substantially supported by contributions with donor restrictions. Because a donor's restriction requires resources to be used in a particular manner or in a future period, CPT must maintain sufficient resources to meet those responsibilities to its donors. As part of CPT's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. CPT invests excess cash in short-term and long-term certificates of deposits and mutual funds based on the anticipated time horizon of general expenditure requirements. If circumstances required expenditures that could not be funded through current financial assets, invested assets could be converted to cash with short notice. CPT's sole member, NASBA, supports CPT activities as part of its strategic mission and commitment to high ethical standards in matters of accounting and business leadership. In the past, NASBA's board has approved amounts in excess of its annual funding to assist CPT in meeting its short-term cash needs. In the event of an unanticipated liquidity need, it is likely that NASBA would provide financial support to assist CPT in meeting those needs.

As of the date this report was available to be issued, the United States, as well as many other countries around the world, was experiencing an emerging infectious disease (COVID-19) outbreak, impacting individuals, governments, businesses and financial markets with unprecedented disruption and risk. While it is not possible to predict the future impacts of the outbreak on CPT's financial condition and results of operations, significant disruptions to key business drivers, such as customer demand, contributions and workforce are possible. As of the date of this report, CPT has not experienced any significant adverse effects. Management is closely monitoring the situation and continuing to develop strategies designed to mitigate such impacts.

Note 8. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all material events and transactions that occurred from the date of the financial statements through September 24, 2020, which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events that required adjustments to or disclosure in the financial statements.