NAMI TENNESSEE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021 And Report of Independent Auditor



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Report of Independent Auditor

To the Board of Directors NAMI Tennessee Nashville, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of NAMI Tennessee (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NAMI Tennessee as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14, toward the end of December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") emerged globally. There have been various mandates and/or requests from federal, state, and local authorities resulting in closures of non-essential businesses. Although it is not possible to reliably estimate the length or severity of this outbreak and, hence, its financial impact, any significant reduction in resources and support caused by COVID-19 could negatively affect operations and have other material, adverse effects on NAMI Tennessee. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Bekant LLP

Nashville, Tennessee January 28, 2022

NAMI TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,447
Grants and other receivables	211,740
Investments	73,687
Prepaid expenses	8,104
Property and equipment, net	 22,167
Total Assets	\$ 423,145
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 114,033
Deferred revenue	9,886
Affiliate funds	 31,346
Total Liabilities	 155,265
Net Assets:	
Without Donor Restrictions:	
Undesignated	124,666
Board designated	 143,214
Total Net Assets	 267,880
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 423,145

NAMI TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Revenues and Support:	
Government grants	\$ 721,216
Other grants and awards	132,615
Contributions	62,989
NAMI Walks, net of related expenses totaling \$10,688	25,891
Miscellaneous	4,469
FSS training	3,750
Investment return	14,969
Conference, net of related expenses totaling \$8,350	16,650
Member dues	3,177
Vision of Hope, net of related expenses totaling \$20,270	 14,049
Total Revenues and Support	 999,775
Expenses:	
Program services	772,332
Management and general	98,925
Fundraising	 47,100
Total Expenses	 918,357
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	81,418
Net assets without donor restrictions, beginning of year	 186,462
Net assets without donor restrictions, end of year	\$ 267,880

NAMI TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Program Services		• •			ndraising	Total		
Administration expenses	\$	12,594	\$	15,057	\$	976	\$	28,627	
Conferences and meetings		2,440		2,445		-		4,885	
Employee benefits and payroll taxes		104,962		20,141		5,441		130,544	
Insurance		7,934		1,064		514		9,512	
Postage and printing		9,672		700		1,784		12,156	
Professional fees		148,348		12,625		2,925		163,898	
Program expenses		13,257		-		-		13,257	
Rents		24,029		2,772		1,666		28,467	
Salaries and wages		430,866		35,778		28,995		495,639	
Telephone, IT fees, licenses		15,330		1,322		4,799		21,451	
Travel		2,900		1,119		-		4,019	
Depreciation and amortization		-		5,902		-		5,902	
	\$	772,332	\$	98,925	\$	47,100	\$	918,357	

NAMI TENNESSEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	\$	81,418
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets without donor restrictions	Ψ	01,410
to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		5,902
Realized and unrealized gain on investments		(13,175)
Bad debt expense		7,592
		7,592
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Grants and other receivables		(54 500)
		(51,506)
Prepaid expenses		(1,642)
Deferred grant revenue		(66,730)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(746)
Affiliate funds		3,635
Net cash flows from operating activities		(35,252)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments		(9,073)
Sale of investments		7,929
Net cash flows from investing activities		(1,144)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		(36,396)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		143,843
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	107,447

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Organization and nature of operations

NAMI Tennessee (the "Organization") is a Tennessee nonprofit corporation. The Organization is a grassroots, self-help organization made up of people with mental illness, their families, and community members. The Organization is dedicated to improving quality of life for people with mental illness and their families through support, education, and advocacy.

The Organization is a chartered state organization of the National Alliance on Mental Illness, but is a distinct and separate organization from the National Alliance on Mental Illness.

Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of Presentation – In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") guidelines, the Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Organization's management and its Board of Directors ("Board"). Net assets voluntarily designated by the Organization's Board for specific purposes are reported as net assets without donor restrictions. The Board designated net assets can only be used for purposes approved by the Board. Currently, these funds are being held as a Board-designated endowment.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Organization or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity. The Organization had no net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2021.

Contributions and Support – In accordance with FASB ASC guidelines, contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as increases to net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction is fulfilled, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and are reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. However, if a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, the support is reported as increases to net assets without donor restrictions.

Grants and Other Receivables – The Organization considers all grants and other receivables to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided in the accompanying financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Organization considers all cash funds, cash bank accounts, and highly-liquid debt instruments with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Investments – Investments in money market funds and marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the accompanying statement of financial position. See further discussion of fair value measurements in Note 5. Investment income and unrealized gains and losses are reported as changes in net assets without donor restrictions.

Property and Equipment – Property and equipment are recorded at cost. The Organization's policy is to capitalize purchases with a cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives of all major classes of assets range from 3 to 10 years.

Income Taxes – The Organization is exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") and has been classified by the IRC as other than a private foundation. Accordingly, no provision for income tax has been made.

Functional Allocation of Expenses – The costs of providing program and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. While most costs have been directly assigned to a functional category, certain joint costs have been allocated among program services and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis. Expenses that are allocated consist primarily of salaries and wages expense which are allocated based on time and effort.

Compensated Absences – The Organization's employees may accrue sick and vacation days based on their length of service. Upon separation, employees are paid for the unused vacation time accrued as of the separation date.

Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and allocation of functional expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements – In May 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue and develops a common revenue standard under U.S. GAAP under which an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 was effective for the Organization for the year ending June 30, 2021. The Organization evaluated their practices surrounding ASU 2014-09 and determined no cumulative effect adjustment was required at June 30, 2021 and the adoption of ASU 2014-09 did not change the Organization's methods of revenue recognition. Further, the Organization had no material revenue streams within the scope of ASU 2014-09.

Accounting Policies for Future Pronouncements – In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. The standard requires all leases with lease terms over 12 months to be capitalized as a right-of-use asset and lease liability on the statement of financial position at the date of lease commencement. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating. This distinction will be relevant for the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. This standard will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. The Organization is currently evaluating the effect of the implementation of this new standard.

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Subsequent Events - The Organization evaluated subsequent events through January 28, 2022, when these financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any significant events that occurred subsequent to the statement of financial position date but prior to the filing of this report that would have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 3—Liquidity and availability of resources

The Organization has a goal to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. The following table represents the Organization's financial assets as of June 30, 2021 reduced by amounts not available for general expenditure within one year. The Organization considers general expenditures to be all expenditures related to its ongoing activities of achieving its mission:

Financial assets at year-end: Cash and cash equivalents Grants and other receivables Investments	\$	107,447 211,740 73,687
Total financial assets		392,874
Less amounts not available to be used for general expenditures within one year at June 30, 2021:		
Net assets held in board-designated endowment fund		(143,214)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year	\$	249,660
Note 4—Grants and other receivables		
The Organization had the following grants and other receivables at June 30, 2021:		
Tennessee Department of Mental Health	\$	194,839
Other receivables	÷	16,901

\$

211,740

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5—Fair value measurements and investments

The Organization has adopted the fair value measurement topic of FASB ASC, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include the following:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. The reporting entity makes estimates and assumptions related to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risk.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. A description of the valuation methodology used for assets measured at fair value is as follows:

Money Market, Mutual Funds, and Exchange Traded Products – Valued at the closing price reported on the active markets on which the individual securities are traded.

The method described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Organization believes its valuation method is appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Note 5—Fair value measurements and investments (continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2021:

	 Level 1	Le	evel 2	Lev	el 3	Total
Money market funds	\$ 1,518	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,518
Mutual funds:						
Intermediate-term bond	5,295		-		-	5,295
Short-term bond	6,978		-		-	6,978
Nontraditional bond	2,790		-		-	2,790
Large value	8,127		-		-	8,127
Large growth	6,020		-		-	6,020
Mid-cap growth	12,453		-		-	12,453
Small growth	 2,839		-		-	2,839
Total mutual funds	 44,502		-		-	44,502
Exchange traded products:						
Large blend	9,417		-		-	9,417
Large value	7,360		-		-	7,360
Large growth	4,072		-		-	4,072
Preferred stock	2,843		-		-	2,843
Mid-cap value	2,317		-		-	2,317
Small value	 1,658		-		-	1,658
Total exchange traded products	 27,667		-			27,667
Total assets at fair value	\$ 73,687	\$		\$		\$ 73,687

Investment return consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Dividends and interest, net of expenses of \$650 Realized and unrealized gains	\$ 1,794 13,175
	\$ 14,969
Note 6—Property and equipment	
Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:	
Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 104,109 (81,942)
	\$ 22,167

Depreciation expense totaled \$5,902 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 7—CODE film

CODE film (Correction Officer De-Escalation Education) was developed as a movie for the purpose of providing correctional officers with examples of how to manage inmates with mental illness in daily operations. It consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

\$

\$

30,000

(30.000)

CODE film

Less accumulated amortization

Amortization expense totaled \$-0- for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 8—Board-designated endowment

The Organization's endowment consists of board-designated net assets held in cash and investment accounts. As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment accounts are classified and reported based upon the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Changes in endowment net assets were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	-	hout Donor strictions	With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	138,727	\$	-	\$	138,727
Board designations		(10,482)		-		(10,482)
Investment return		14,969		-		14,969
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	143,214	\$	-	\$	143,214

Endowment Investment Policy and Risk Parameters – The Organization has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by the endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under this policy, allocation targets are primarily equities and fixed income.

Spending Policy – The Organization has a policy of withdrawing Board-approved amounts from the endowment accounts as needed. The Board may direct special allocations of the endowment funds be distributed to the Organization's operating account to satisfy operating expenses the Organization has been unable to pay through day-to-day operations.

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Leases

The Organization maintains office space under an operating lease. Effective October 31, 2018, the Organization entered into a new lease requiring monthly rent payments ranging from \$2,258 to \$2,492 and expiring November 30, 2022.

Rent expense totaled \$28,467 under all operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2021. Future minimum lease commitments are as follows:

2022	\$ 29,603
2023	 12,461
	\$ 42,064

Note 10—Retirement plan

The Organization maintains a 403(b) retirement plan for its employees. Contributions to the plan are based on the employees' gross salaries and employees can make elective contributions to the plan. The costs of this employee benefit plan are charged to expense and totaled \$10,337 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 11—Concentrations

The Organization is subject to certain concentrations of credit risk that include government grants receivable and government grant revenue. Government grants from the state of Tennessee are the primary means of support for the Organization. A reduction in the level of funding would have a significant impact on the Organization's finances.

Note 12—Community Foundation of Middle Tennessee

The Community Foundation of Middle Tennessee (the "Foundation") maintains investments on behalf of the Organization. The Foundation has ultimate authority and control over the investments and the timing of receipt of the funds by the Organization is uncertain. Accordingly, net assets of the Organization do not include these investments. The Organization does anticipate receiving periodic investment earnings on its pro rata share of the Foundation's assets. The balance of the endowment fund held for the benefit of the Organization totaled \$24,943 at June 30, 2021.

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Paycheck Protection Program loan

In accordance with Section 1102 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), the Organization applied for and received a Paycheck Protection Program loan of approximately \$66,730 during April 2020 based on the federal government's payroll formula. Section 1106 of the CARES Act provides for forgiveness of up to the full principal amount of qualifying loans including accrued interest to the extent the Organization incurs certain qualifying expenses and maintains a certain level of average full-time equivalent employees during the measurement period following closing of the loan. Any portion of the loan that is not forgiven has a term of five years with an interest rate of 1%. The Organization received Small Business Administration notification of the loan's forgiveness in full and recognized the outstanding loan amount as income for the year ended June 30, 2021 which is included in government grants in the accompanying statement of activities.

Note 14—Uncertainty

Late in December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") emerged globally. As a result of the spread of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen, which could potentially impact revenue and operations for an indeterminable time period. Other financial impacts could occur though such potential impacts are unknown at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length or severity of this outbreak and hence its financial impact.